Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

trans-5,6-Diphenylperhydropyran-2,4-dione

Laura C. de Souza, Dennis de O. Imbroisi, Carlos A. De Simone,* Mariano A. Pereira and Valéria R. S. Malta

Instituto de Química e Biotecnologia, Universidade Federal de Alagoas, 57072-970 Maceió, AL, Brazil

Correspondence e-mail: cas@qui.ufal.br

Received 21 November 2008; accepted 2 January 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

In the title compound, $C_{17}H_{14}O_3$, the pyran ring adopts a boat conformation and the dihedral angle between the aromatic ring planes is 59.1 (1)°. In the crystal structure intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds and $C-H\cdots \pi$ interactions link the molecules.

Related literature

For general background, see: Yen & Chen (1995); Soler-Rivas *et al.* (2000). For related structures and biological activity, see: Brand-William *et al.* (1995); Sánchez-Moreno *et al.* (1998); Souza *et al.* (2004). For the synthesis, see: Souza (2008). For geometric analysis, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For bondlength data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{17}H_{14}O_{3} \\ M_{r} = 266.28 \\ \text{Monoclinic, } P_{2_{1}}/c \\ a = 8.9940 \ (2) \\ \text{Å} \\ b = 8.2310 \ (4) \\ \text{Å} \\ c = 18.9040 \ (8) \\ \text{Å} \\ \beta = 101.412 \ (2)^{\circ} \end{array}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer3113 independent reflectionsAbsorption correction: none2459 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 5298 measured reflections $R_{int} = 0.017$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$	181 parameters
$vR(F^2) = 0.131$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.05	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
3113 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ).$

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C6-H6\cdots O2^{i}$ $C17-H17\cdots O3^{ii}$ $C3-H3B\cdots Cg1^{i}$ $C5-H5-Cg2^{iii}$	0.98 0.93 0.97	2.44 2.46 2.97 2.06	3.380 (2) 3.351 (3) 3.681 (2) 2.830 (2)	161 160 131
$CJ=\Pi J\cdots Cg_2$	0.98	2.90	5.650 (2)	149

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$. Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C7–C12 and C13–C18 rings, respectively.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

This work has received partial support from CNPq, CAPES, FAPEAL, IM-INOFAR and FINEP.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2110).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o250 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809000087]

trans-5,6-Diphenylperhydropyran-2,4-dione

L. C. de Souza, D. de O. Imbroisi, C. A. De Simone, M. A. Pereira and V. R. S. Malta

Comment

The free radicals generated in bioorganic redoxi processes induce oxidative damage in various components of the cells (*e.g.*, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids) and their play a significant role in the development of life-limiting chronic diseases such as cancer, hypertension, arteriosclerosis, rheumatism, cataracts and other (Yen & Chen, 1995; Soler-Rivas *et al.*,2000). The dihydropyran-2,4-diones exhibit structural features present bin many biologically active natural products possessing important pharmacological activities (Brand-William *et al.*,1995; Sánchez-Moreno *et al.*,1998). As part of our continuing studies aimed at ascertaining the biological activity of this class, the title compound was synthetized (Souza, 2008) and its antioxidant activity analyzed *in vitro*, by measuring the decrease in absorbance at 515 nm that occurred when the 2,2-diphenyl-1-picryl-hydrazyl radical (DPPH) was reduced by the antioxidant. The spectrophotometric assay was used to determine the radical scavenging activity (Souza *et al.*,2004).

The *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) representation of the title compound (5,6-DPDP) is showing in (Fig. 1). Bond lengths and angles are in good agreement with the expected values reported in the literature (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The pirane ring adopts a boat conformation and the calculated puckering parameters are: $q_2 = 0.624$ (1) Å, $q_3 = 0.121$ (1) Å, $Q_T = 0.636$ (1) Å, $\theta = 79.0$ (1)° and $\phi = 287.5$ (1)° (Cremer & Pople, 1975). The dihedral angle between planes passing through atoms C7—C12 and C13—C18 of the aromatic rings is 59.1 (1)°. In the crystal packing, molecules interact through two intermolecular C–H···O hydrogen bonds and two C—H···. π interactions, Fig. 2 and Table 1.

Experimental

The *trans*-5, 6-diphenyltetradehydropyran-2,4-dione has showed similar antioxidant activity at the positive control, the synthetic antioxidant BHT (2,6-di-*tert*-butyl-4-methylphenol) used as food conserving. The reduction percentage after 60 minutes to a solution of 20 nM of sample were 88% to 5,6-DPDP and 82% to BHT (Souza, 2008). The 5,6-DPDP was synthesized in one pot by preparation of the dianion of the ethyl 3-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (NaH, n-butillithium, THF, -10° C), and alkylation reaction with benzaldehyde followed by ester hydrolysis (NaOH, H₂O, 12 h, RT) and lactonization in acidic medium (HCl, H₂O, 2 h, 0°C). The compound was purified by silica gel chromatography and the crystals for *x*-ray diffraction studies were grown by slow evaporation from a CHCl₃ solution.

Refinement

H atoms were located on stereochemical grounds and refined with fixed geometry, each riding on a carrier atom, with C—H = [0.93 - 0.98] Å and anisotropic displacement parameter amounting to 1.5 (for Methyl-H atoms) and 1.2 (for the other H atoms) times the value of the equivalent isotropic displacement parameter of the which they are attached. The maximum and minimum residual electron density peaks were located 0.73 and 0.74 Å, from the C5 and H15 atoms respectively.

Figures



Fig. 1. Projection of $C_{17}H_{14}O_3$, showing the atom labelling with 50% probability displacement.

Fig. 2. Hydrogen interactions.

trans-5,6-Diphenylperhydropyran-2,4-dione

Crystal data	
C ₁₇ H ₁₄ O ₃	$F_{000} = 560$
$M_r = 266.28$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.289 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P2ybc	Cell parameters from 2880 reflections
<i>a</i> = 8.9940 (2) Å	$\theta = 1.0-27.5^{\circ}$
<i>b</i> = 8.2310 (4) Å	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 18.9040 (8) Å	<i>T</i> = 295 K
$\beta = 101.412 \ (2)^{\circ}$	Prism, yellow
$V = 1371.79 (9) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.30\times0.30\times0.18~mm$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	2459 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR590	$R_{\rm int} = 0.017$
Monochromator: horizonally mounted graphite crystal	$\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}$
Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\min} = 2.3^{\circ}$
CCD rotation images, thick slices scans	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Absorption correction: none	$k = -9 \rightarrow 10$
5298 measured reflections	$l = -24 \rightarrow 24$
3113 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0508P)^2 + 0.3831P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.05	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
3113 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
181 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
C2	0.69397 (19)	-0.0595 (2)	0.63794 (8)	0.0521 (4)
C3	0.84834 (19)	0.0134 (2)	0.65634 (8)	0.0560 (4)
H3A	0.8717	0.0620	0.6131	0.067*
H3B	0.9211	-0.0730	0.6712	0.067*
C4	0.86937 (16)	0.1403 (2)	0.71484 (8)	0.0476 (4)
C5	0.76480 (14)	0.12492 (17)	0.76852 (7)	0.0383 (3)
Н5	0.6771	0.1953	0.7515	0.046*
C6	0.70604 (15)	-0.05049 (17)	0.76642 (7)	0.0385 (3)
Н6	0.7925	-0.1246	0.7790	0.046*
C7	0.83633 (14)	0.17992 (16)	0.84390 (7)	0.0385 (3)
C8	0.76586 (17)	0.2946 (2)	0.87924 (9)	0.0520 (4)
H8	0.6745	0.3402	0.8562	0.062*
C9	0.8303 (2)	0.3421 (2)	0.94867 (10)	0.0652 (5)
Н9	0.7817	0.4189	0.9722	0.078*
C10	0.9657 (2)	0.2763 (2)	0.98306 (9)	0.0631 (5)
H10	1.0094	0.3097	1.0295	0.076*
C11	1.03660 (18)	0.1616 (2)	0.94891 (9)	0.0565 (4)
H11	1.1281	0.1166	0.9723	0.068*
C12	0.97190 (16)	0.11267 (19)	0.87959 (8)	0.0477 (4)
H12	1.0198	0.0340	0.8567	0.057*
C13	0.59831 (15)	-0.07985 (17)	0.81644 (7)	0.0412 (3)
C14	0.46566 (19)	0.0086 (2)	0.80971 (12)	0.0644 (5)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

H14	0.4401	0.0834	0.7724	0.077*
C15	0.3711 (3)	-0.0137 (3)	0.85803 (16)	0.0935 (8)
H15	0.2827	0.0473	0.8535	0.112*
C16	0.4061 (3)	-0.1242 (4)	0.91217 (15)	0.1019 (10)
H16	0.3420	-0.1378	0.9447	0.122*
C17	0.5352 (3)	-0.2153 (4)	0.91893 (11)	0.0967 (9)
H17	0.5583	-0.2915	0.9558	0.116*
C18	0.6323 (2)	-0.1938 (2)	0.87041 (9)	0.0643 (5)
H18	0.7197	-0.2564	0.8746	0.077*
O1	0.62369 (12)	-0.08786 (13)	0.69346 (5)	0.0487 (3)
O2	0.96257 (15)	0.24604 (19)	0.71798 (7)	0.0767 (4)
O3	0.63076 (17)	-0.0935 (2)	0.57795 (6)	0.0792 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C2	0.0651 (10)	0.0484 (9)	0.0431 (8)	0.0015 (7)	0.0113 (7)	-0.0051 (7)
C3	0.0617 (9)	0.0655 (10)	0.0462 (8)	-0.0027 (8)	0.0239 (7)	-0.0015 (7)
C4	0.0423 (7)	0.0550 (9)	0.0467 (8)	-0.0069 (7)	0.0113 (6)	0.0061 (7)
C5	0.0347 (6)	0.0387 (7)	0.0422 (7)	-0.0028 (5)	0.0091 (5)	0.0005 (6)
C6	0.0368 (6)	0.0390 (7)	0.0393 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0065 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
C7	0.0355 (6)	0.0375 (7)	0.0436 (7)	-0.0054 (5)	0.0105 (5)	-0.0013 (6)
C8	0.0456 (8)	0.0520 (9)	0.0578 (9)	0.0054 (7)	0.0089 (7)	-0.0089 (7)
C9	0.0683 (11)	0.0677 (11)	0.0606 (10)	0.0065 (9)	0.0158 (8)	-0.0212 (9)
C10	0.0674 (11)	0.0741 (12)	0.0456 (9)	-0.0053 (9)	0.0054 (7)	-0.0149 (8)
C11	0.0462 (8)	0.0640 (10)	0.0558 (9)	0.0005 (7)	0.0015 (7)	-0.0007 (8)
C12	0.0400 (7)	0.0506 (8)	0.0524 (8)	0.0012 (6)	0.0091 (6)	-0.0066 (7)
C13	0.0426 (7)	0.0381 (7)	0.0435 (7)	-0.0100 (5)	0.0100 (6)	-0.0046 (6)
C14	0.0544 (9)	0.0477 (9)	0.0998 (14)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0365 (9)	0.0020 (9)
C15	0.0823 (14)	0.0728 (14)	0.147 (2)	-0.0182 (11)	0.0759 (15)	-0.0221 (15)
C16	0.113 (2)	0.118 (2)	0.0933 (17)	-0.0592 (18)	0.0672 (16)	-0.0339 (16)
C17	0.1149 (19)	0.122 (2)	0.0517 (11)	-0.0542 (18)	0.0137 (12)	0.0191 (12)
C18	0.0620 (10)	0.0742 (12)	0.0529 (9)	-0.0146 (9)	0.0023 (8)	0.0170 (9)
01	0.0522 (6)	0.0502 (6)	0.0433 (6)	-0.0104 (5)	0.0084 (4)	-0.0078 (5)
O2	0.0722 (8)	0.0922 (10)	0.0712 (8)	-0.0402 (7)	0.0275 (6)	-0.0053 (7)
03	0.0974 (10)	0.0914 (10)	0.0454 (7)	-0.0122 (8)	0.0061 (6)	-0.0174 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C2—O3	1.1971 (19)	C9—C10	1.374 (3)
C2—O1	1.3484 (19)	С9—Н9	0.9300
C2—C3	1.489 (2)	C10—C11	1.370 (2)
C3—C4	1.506 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
С3—НЗА	0.9700	C11—C12	1.384 (2)
С3—Н3В	0.9700	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—O2	1.2013 (19)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.5191 (19)	C13—C18	1.375 (2)
C5—C7	1.5122 (18)	C13—C14	1.382 (2)
C5—C6	1.5353 (19)	C14—C15	1.378 (3)

С5—Н5	0.9800	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—O1	1.4633 (16)	C15—C16	1.358 (4)
C6—C13	1.5013 (18)	C15—H15	0.9300
С6—Н6	0.9800	C16—C17	1.367 (4)
С7—С8	1.381 (2)	C16—H16	0.9300
C7—C12	1.387 (2)	C17—C18	1.398 (3)
C8—C9	1.382 (2)	C17—H17	0.9300
C8—H8	0.9300	C18—H18	0.9300
O3—C2—O1	119.27 (16)	С10—С9—Н9	119.9
O3—C2—C3	124.18 (16)	С8—С9—Н9	119.9
O1—C2—C3	116.55 (13)	C11—C10—C9	120.03 (16)
C2—C3—C4	115.28 (13)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
С2—С3—Н3А	108.5	C9—C10—H10	120.0
С4—С3—НЗА	108.5	C10-C11-C12	119.91 (15)
C2—C3—H3B	108.5	C10-C11-H11	120.0
C4—C3—H3B	108.5	C12—C11—H11	120.0
H3A—C3—H3B	107.5	C11—C12—C7	120.60 (14)
02-C4-C3	121 58 (14)	C11—C12—H12	1197
02 - C4 - C5	123.07 (15)	C7—C12—H12	119.7
C_{3} C_{4} C_{5}	115 35 (12)	C_{18} C_{13} C_{14}	119.7
C7-C5-C4	113.59 (11)	C_{18} C_{13} C_{6}	120.03 (14)
C7 - C5 - C6	112.70 (11)	C14 - C13 - C6	120.69 (14)
C4-C5-C6	108 47 (11)	C_{15} C_{14} C_{13}	120.03(2)
C7—C5—H5	107.2	C15 - C14 - H14	119.9
C4	107.2	C13 - C14 - H14	119.9
C6_C5_H5	107.2	C16-C15-C14	119.9 120.5(2)
01 - 06 - 013	107.2	C16-C15-H15	120.3 (2)
01-6-65	100.33(10) 109.24(11)	C14—C15—H15	119.8
$C_{1}^{13} = C_{0}^{13} = C_{0}^{13}$	109.24(11) 113 30(11)	$C_{14} = C_{15} = 1115$	119.0
01 C6 H6	100.1	$C_{15} = C_{16} = C_{17}$	120.2 (2)
$C_{1}^{12} = C_{0}^{110}$	109.1	C17_C16_H16	119.9
C5 C6 H6	109.1	$C_{1}^{1} = C_{1}^{1} = C_{1}^{1} = C_{1}^{1}$	119.9
$C_{3}^{8} = C_{3}^{7} = C_{12}^{12}$	109.1	$C_{10} = C_{17} = C_{18}$	119.9 (2)
$C_{0}^{2} = C_{1}^{2} = C_{1}^{2}$	110.70 (13)	$C_{10} = C_{17} = H_{17}$	120.0
$C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{0}$	120.08(13) 120.54(12)	$C_{18} - C_{17} - H_{17}$	120.0
$C_{12} - C_{7} - C_{5}$	120.34(13) 120.42(15)	$C_{13} = C_{18} = C_{17}$	119.8 (2)
$C_7 = C_8 = C_9$	120.45 (13)	C13-C18-H18	120.1
$C_{1} = C_{8} = H_{8}$	119.8	$C_1 - C_1 - C_1 - H_1 \delta$	120.1
$C_{9} = C_{8} = C_{8}$	119.8	22-01-00	118.00 (11)
	120.23 (10)	C0 C10 C11 C12	0.2 (2)
03 - C2 - C3 - C4	141.51 (18)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3(3)
01 - 02 - 03 - 04	-38.6 (2)		0.6 (3)
$C_2 - C_3 - C_4 - C_2$	-153.41(17)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-1.0 (2)
C2 - C3 - C4 - C5	26.3 (2)	C5—C7—C12—C11	-179.25 (14)
02 - C4 - C5 - C7	-33.0(2)	01—C6—C13—C18	119.45 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C7	147.27 (13)	C5—C6—C13—C18	-120.13 (15)
02	-159.12 (16)	OI—C6—C13—C14	-61.63 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	21.12 (17)	C5—C6—C13—C14	58.80 (18)
C7—C5—C6—O1	173.61 (10)	C18—C13—C14—C15	2.1 (3)

supplementary materials

C4—C5—C6—O1	-59.72 (13)	C6-C13-C14-C15	-176.85 (17)
C7—C5—C6—C13	54.54 (15)	C13-C14-C15-C16	-0.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C13	-178.80 (11)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-0.5 (4)
C4—C5—C7—C8	126.23 (15)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.6 (4)
C6—C5—C7—C8	-109.89 (15)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-1.9 (3)
C4—C5—C7—C12	-55.59 (18)	C6-C13-C18-C17	176.99 (16)
C6—C5—C7—C12	68.29 (16)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.6 (3)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.5 (2)	O3—C2—O1—C6	177.79 (15)
C5—C7—C8—C9	178.72 (15)	C3—C2—O1—C6	-2.1 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.4 (3)	C13—C6—O1—C2	175.37 (12)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.9 (3)	C5—C6—O1—C2	52.33 (16)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H····A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
C6—H6····O2 ⁱ	0.98	2.44	3.380 (2)	161
C17—H17···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.351 (3)	160
C3—H3B···Cg1 ⁱ	0.97	2.98	3.681 (2)	131
C5—H5···Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98	2.96	3.830 (2)	149

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2; (ii) x, -y-1/2, z+1/2; (iii) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2.







